candidate for President. The merchants and hotel men who hope to profit by the throngs of strangers who will be attracted to the city by Admiral Dewey's presence protest against taking any steps calculated to cause an abandonment of the affair. They have told the Finance Committee that They have told the Finance Committee that not only would they not withdraw their subscriptions, but stand ready to increase them if necessary to meet the deficiency caused by the withdrawal of subscriptions by politicians. The latter, however, regardless of party affiliation, seem determined to bring about an abandonment of the proposed celebration if possible. Although Mayor Harrison refuses to take for publication he is said to be very much opposed to giving Admiral Dewey an opportunity to launch his Presidential boom in Chicago. He believes in stopping the celebration where its. The policy of the bewey Committee for the present, is one of waiting. The committee mensay the next forty-eight hours may develop a great many things. Public sentiment on the celebration may change in that time, and they consider it time enough to act when the General Dewey Committee meets on next Tuesday. Meanwhile every effort will be made to determine the feeling of the people on the question.

majority of the members of the com

The majority of the members of the committee say this is a time to show that Chicago can rise above partisanship and polities. Men like John V. Clarke. A. H. Revell, Henry W. Leman and George H. Jenney take the view that any demonstration should be kept strictly non-partisan, and that it is an occasion to honor the man who commanded the American fleet at Manila on May I. 1828.

"The name of Chicago is at stake," said one member of the committee, "and this city would be the laughing stock of the country if such a thing as the announcement by Admiral Dewey, that he aspired to the Presidency, were allowed to intervene and cause the entertainment of the sea fighter to be marred or given up. Chicago must and will rise to the occasion and give the man who planted the American flag in the Philippines a great reception on the second anniversary of the battle of Manila. The reception will be to the Admiral and not to the Presidential candidate."

Notwithstanding, these expressions of opinion it is evident that those who have been prominent in planning the reception would be greatly relieved should the Admiral cancel his engagement. The Board of Education took action to-night, refusing consent for the pupils of the public school to take part in the Dewey Day celebration.

### DESIEY AS A DEMOCRAL.

#### Mr. Hewitt Doesn't See How Bryan's Grip on the Party Is to Be Loosened.

Not even Admiral Dewey's announcement that he was a Democrat served to make any great difference in the way in which his Presidential aspirations were treated by the politicians hereabouts. The faithful Bryanites said that Col. Bryan had been nominated by the people and that the Admiral couldn't get them to change their choice. The Gold Demo erats said that no one could tell just what the result of the Admiral's announcement would be until it was learned what his platform was to be. As a matter of fact, a great many persons merely grinned when the Dewey boom was mentioned.

The Washington despatches yesterday declared that when Admiral Dewey began to consider the advisability of entering politics, he sent an ambassador to New York to see the n. William C. Whitney and the Hon. Daniel 8. Lamont, and other men who were instrumental in boosting the Hon. Grover Cleveland in his day. The despatches said that Messrs. Whitney and Lamont were polite to the Dewey ambassador, that he was convinced that the Admiral would receive their support, and so peported to the Admiral. Mr. Whitney and Mr. Lamont and their friends are always polite to gentlemen who consult them. Yesterday they were polite to reporters, but they would not say anything about the Lewey candidacy; so no one can tell whether or not they promsed their support to the sailor against Bryan, The Hon. W. Bourke Cockran who recently

declared for Col. Bryan as against President McKinley, said vesterday that the ques-tion of most importance in regard to Presi-dential candidates was the platform on which dential candidates was the platform on which they ran.
"To my mind, the platform is the whole question." said Mr. Cockran. "Admiral Dewey would make an axcellent President if he stood on the right platform. With a sound platform. I should not only be willing to see him receive the Democratic nomination, but I should support him enthusiastically. I think that the platform is the main thing, with the nominee standing squarely on it. The idea of Dewey standing on his uniform is absurd."

standing squarely on it. The idea of Dewey standing on his uniform is absurd."

The Hon. Abrum S. Hewitt, in speaking of the Dewey candidary, said that, in his opinion, the Admiral had underestimated the duties of the President. Mr. Hewitt thinks that neither the Admiral nor any other sensible man catand on the Democratic platform of 188%. He also believes that the Republican party is bound to renominate Mckinley, and that an independent candidate would be farcical. In answer to a question whether or not it would be a good thing for the Democratic party to take up the Admiral, Mr. Hewitt said:

"I cannot express an opinion on that. A

be a good thing for the Democratic party to take up the Admiral, Mr. Hewitt said:

"I cannot express an opinion on that. A sensible platform would mean an upheaval in the party, for the extremists cannot be united with the old line. But if the Admiral was nominated by the party on a good platform I think that the prospect of his election would be very good. He is a man trained to discipline and so fitted to administer."

Mr. Hewitt added that he did not see how the Bryanites now in control of the Democratic party could be dislodged.

The boomers of the Hon. Augustus Van Wyck for the Presidency declared yesterday that they would stand firm in spite of the Dewey candidacy. The Hon. William Hoge, Secretary of the Commercial Travellers and Hotelmen's Anti-Trust League, said:

"The Dewey boom has cut no figure with us. The men who are behind Dewey are interested in trusts. As between Dewey and Bryan we would be in favor of Bryan. I wish it distinctly understood that the men who are behind the Van Wyck movement are true Democrats and supported the tleket in 1884."

Mr. James Shevlin, the manager of the Democrate lorces in Brooklyn in the absence of ex-Register Hugh McLaughlin in Florida, said yesterday:

"I cannot conceive of a great national party."

Mr. James Shevlin, the manager of the Democratic forces in Brooklyn in the absence of ex-Register Hugh McLaughlin in Florida, said yesterday:

"I cannot conceive of a great national party mominating for President a man who has never been identified with the party in any shape, manner or form. It requires years and special training to become an Admiral; similarly, in my judgment, a man in order to become President needs special training for that office. I place no credence in the report that either Mr. Gorman or Mr. Whitney is behind Admiral Dewey's announcement. For my own part I believe that any man who is nominated for President by the Democrats against the wishes of Mr. Bryan and his friends will fail of election. At least I regard such nomination under present conditions as an empty honor. Lately I was asked to join in a movement here having for its object the setting in motion of an agitation which possibly might result in the elimination of Mr. Bryan as the Democratic candidate. My reply to the gentlemen who sought me was that I regarded such a movement, under existing conditions, as an empty proposition. In my judgment the only way to deal with the Bryan problem is to secure Mr. Bryan's own consent to withdraw as a candidate in the interest of Democratic success. Without such acquiescence on Mr. Bryan's part no practical result can be obtained by the nomination of any other Democratic success. Without such acquiescence on Mr. Bryan's part no practical result can be obtained by the nomination of any other Democratic National Committeeman from Vermont, said last night:

"Thave long regarded it as a settled fact that Col. Bryan would receive the nomination for President from the Democratic National Committeeman from Vermont, said last night:

"Thave long regarded it as a settled fact that Col. Bryan would receive the nomination for President from the Democratic National Dewey's candidacy has not, in my judgment, changed these settled conditions. I prefer not to express my personal opinion as to his candidac

## DEWEY A GOLD DEMOCRAT,

## So Says Col. Stump of Maryland, and He

Also Says He Knows It. BALTIMORE, Md., April 5.-Admiral Dewey's announcement of his candidacy for President has caused much gossip in Baltimore as elsewhere. The weight of opinion seems to be that if the Admiral had consented to allow his name to be used upon his arrival from Manila last fall the announcement might have been very important, but that now it is too late, as the renomination of both McKinley and Bryan is conceded. Col. Herman Stump, former Commissioner General of Immigration, who is quite intimate with Admiral Dewey, said to-

Admiral Dewey is a Gold Democrat, or, as some would say, a Cleveland Democrat. He some would say, a Cleveland Delities, and

has probably not voted for many years, but he is a low tariff. Gold Standard Democrat and a great admirer of ex-President Cleveland. He was in Washington when the Chicago platform was adopted and Bryan was nominated, and he said to me then: "Well, Stump, I am done with you now. I have always been with the Democratio party, but I can't swallow this."

Mr. S. S. Field, State Organizer of the Maryland Democratic Association, cannot believe Admiral Dewey intends to run as a Democrat. He said to-day:

"I cannot believe the Dewey movement is gotten up by any clique of men to endeavor to be the property of the property of the property with the people who oppose Bryan on anything except the gold standard."

## NEBRASKANS MUCH RELIEVED.

### Think Disapprobation of the Dewey Bo

Shows Bryan's Strength. LINCOLN, Neb., April 5. The Eastern news paper despatches, telling that Dewey's announce ment of his candidacy for the Presidency is not being taken seriously, were read by the Nebraska friends of Bryan with intense satisfaction, and the feeling expressed so freely yesterday that the Admiral had made a grave mistake has become more emphatic than ever. The belief is that the convention at Kansas City will only take one ballot and that it will be in Bryan's favor. one ballot and that it will be in Bryan's favor.

Democratic leaders declared to day that the West and South had suspected for some time that Eastern Democrats unfavorable to Bryan would spring a candidate in the expectation that the party would be stampeded from the Nebraskan. They point to the disapprobation of the Dewey boom as convincing proof of the popularity of Bryan, whose position, they say, as the leader of his party is now more secure than ever.

Many telegrams have been sent to Mr. Bryan, who is in Oregon, advising him to give Dewey's candidacy no attention whatever and assuring him that the Democrats and Populists of the States that were at all likely to give him their votes were still his loyal supporters and would not be sidetracked. These friends have an abiding faith in Bryan's caution, and they are confident that whatever he does say will not harm his own candidacy.

### WHY NOT BRYAN AND DEWEY? Gov. Stephens of Missouri Makes This Sug-

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., April 5 .- In response to a request for an opinion of Dewey's candidaey for the Presidency, Gov. Stephens said to-

"The announcement that Admiral Dewey

would be a candidate for the Presidency created not a ripple upon the political waters of Missouri. When he says the office of Chief Executive of the United States is not difficult to fill he betrays lamentable Ignorance. Our leaders in the great struggle now on must have positive convictions. We want our candidate for President not necessarily a great sea fighter, but a fighter of trusts, financial sharks, government breakers and devils. I do not know whether Dewey is right on the questions of money, trusts, imperialism, Ac., or not. I the is and can stand on the Kansas City platform, what is the matter with Bryan and Dewey?" would be a candidate for the Presidency cre

#### DEMOCRACY SPLIT OVER DEWEY The Effect of His Candidacy Among Demo

crats in Broome County. BINGHAMTON, N. Y., April 5.-The an nouncement of Admiral Dewey's Presidential candidacy has created a split in the Dem eracy of this section, which until a week ago, the silver leaders hoped, had been healed The gold Democrats and Several promine The gold bemocrats and several prominent politicians who four years ago supported Bryan are enthus astic over the possibility of Dewey's nomination. Prominent among these are Gen. Edward F. Jones and United States Commissioner. Hall. They declare his nomination is the only salvation for the party. A hasty canvass shows that among the rank and file of the Democracy Dewey is a strong winner over Bryan, and it is this that is causing the leaders most uneasiness. The silver men declare that if Dewey is nominated they will vote for McKinley in preference.

#### OHIO OPINION OF DEWEY. No One of Influence in the Capital to Say Favoring Word for Him.

COLUMBUS, O., April 5. - The Press-Post, which yesterday discarded Bryan for Dewey as its choice for the Presidential nomination, to-day prints interviews with about three hundred leading citizens and members of the Legislature, not one of whom speaks favorably o ture, not one of whom speaks favorably of Dewey's candidacy. Thirty-five of the Democratic legislators interviewed say they are for Bryan as against Dewey. Most of them ridicule the Admiral's Presidential ambitions.

The Rev. Washington Gladden says:

"I think it is a fatal mistake on the part of Admiral Dewey to think of running for President."

Gen. A. J. Warner, the well-known free silverite, says the Democrats don't want Dewey.

No Boom for Dewey Says Mr. McGraw. WHERLING, W. Va., April National Committeeman John T. McGraw, the leader of West Virginia Democracy said of Admiral Dewey's Presidential candidacy:
"The Democrats are in my judgment in favor of the renomination of Mr Bryan with a strong man for Vice-President, selected from one of the States east of the Ohio and north of the Potomac River."

Says Dewey Might Carry Vermont. KNOXVILLE, Tenn., April 5.- The announce ment of Dewey as a receptive candidate for President causes much comment in Tennessee Interviews with leaders of Democracy in the State from Gov. McMillan down indicate Bryan as the choice. The Knozulle Sentinel says he could not carry a state unless it be Vermont. True generosity will be extended to Admiral Dewey on his trip to this State next month.

## TAMMANY NIGROES DINE.

Colored Croker Reads Cablegram From White Croker, Who Seems to Be in Paris. The United Colored Democracy of Tammany Hall held its second annual banquet last evening in the Colored Odd Fellows' hall at 158 West Twenty-ninth street. The dinner was a great success, more diners attending than there were seats. Eiward E. Lee, known as the colored Croker, read the following cable-gram from the white Croker:

Paris, April 4.

Chief Edward Lee:
Regret cannot be with you. Best wishes for successful evening.

CROKER. Regret cannot be with you. Best wishes for successful evening.

At the speakers' table a number of representative colored statesmen, including Schafe Smith, of the Charities Department; the Hon. Madison Square Jones, of the District Attorney's office; Chauncey Jacobs, famous as the colored Belmont, because of his wealth; J. C. Johnson, known as the colored Tom Reed, because of muscular and domineering characteristics; F. C. Lawson, the colored Woodruff, and Johnny Johnson, the colored Woodruff, and Johnny Johnson, the colored Beau Brummel.

Owing to the fact that many of the colored Democracy were engaged at dinners slsewhere the first course was not served until 10 o'clock. Chief Lee began the speech making by saying that he had decided not to call a convention of colored Democrats to endorse the Democratic nominee for President, but to use the money such a convention would cost in missionary work. He said that there were 3.500 enrolled colored Democrats in New York.

## Staten Island Delegates.

The Republican county and assembly district conventions of Richmond county were held last night at Republican headquarters in Tompkinsville. The Assembly district in Tompkinsville. The Assembly district convention elected the following to attend the Seventh Congress district convention to be held Saturday night at Tompkinsville: Delegates, Thomas A. Braniff, E. H. Zehusen, C. W. Alexander, Isaac Van Buskirk, H. E. Buel, L. J. Rabbage, H. M. Johnson, J. C. Marchant, Charles M. Kennedy, Isaac Wartz, Delegates-at-Large, John J. Hayes and George R. Schoffeld.

Schoffeld.

The County convention elected the following delegates to attend the State convention on April 17, in Manhattan: James G. Timolat, William C'Nell, Joseph Simonson, William J. Etgen, William Grant and Delegates at-Large Hugh McRoberts and Stephen B. Winant. Resolutions were passed by both conventions indorsing the administrations of McKinley and Roosevelt.

Bryan to Return to Texas on April 18. AUSTIN. Tex., April 5.-A letter was received to-day from Col. Bryan saying that he would arrive in Austin from his Western trip would arrive in Austin from his western trip about April 18. He will probably remain here with his family until after the Democratic Na-tional Convention, with the exception of a few short trips to the North. Mrs. Bryan and two children are pleasantly settled here and it is reported that the Colonel will invest in a hand-some residence here to be used by himself and family as a winter home.

## News of Brooklyn Burglaries by Way of

CINCINNATI, April 5 .- Albert J. Nast, editor of the Christliche Apologete, arrived home today from the Eastern German Conference at Brooklyn, N. Y. Dr. Nast reports burglaries very numerous in Brooklyn. One burglar was caught wearing five overcoats belonging to conference preachers, and Dr. Nast is mourning the loss of a case containing valuable papers and a new suit of clothes.

## RALLYING FREE STATERS.

PRESIDENT STEYN'S SPEECH TO THE VOLKSRAAD AT KROONSTAD.

Still Hopes for Success-Boers Report Victory in a Double Action Near Mateking -Alleged Capture at Korn Spruit of Seeret British Documents Showing Plans for the Advance From Bloemfontein.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. PRETORIA, April 2 (Delayed).-A session of the Volksraad of the Orange Free State opened at Kroonstad to-day. President Steyn, in the ourse of a speech to the members, said that he had not lost hope of the ultimate triumph of the republican cause, notwithstanding the He added that war had been forced on the

Transvaal, and the Orange Free State could not do otherwise than to throw in her lot with her sister republic under the terms of the treaty between them. Their object was to secure the independence which had been bought by the blood of their forefathers, and their arms had been successful, to the immense wonder of the world and even them-

The President accused the British of violating the white flag and the Red Cross, and said their acts had compelled him to report the matter to the neutral Powers. Gen. Roberts's attempt to sow dissension among the inhabit ants of the Free State by his proclamation had

President Stevn declared that he and President Krüger had corresponded with Lord Salisbury with a view to procuring peace. They had also sent a deputation to Europe and the United States to exercise influence with the Powers to secure a cessation of the blood-He earnestly desired the success of these efforts. He further said that the Free State had

raised a temporary loan in the Transvaal. In conclusion he expressed an earnest hope that the Free State would not surrender what it had so dearly bought.

#### BOERS REPULSE COL. PLUMER. Also Check a Sortle From Mafeking and Closely Invest the Town.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN. From THE SUN'S Correspondent at Pretoria. PRETORIA, via Lorenzo Marques, April 3.despatch from the Boer laager at Molopo,

dated April 1, says: "There was sharp fighting yesterday. There was a simultaneous attack on the Boers by Col. Plumer's cavalry and a sortie by the Mafeking garrison, in the vicinity of Ramathlabama. Both attacks were repulsed. Twenty of Col. Plumer's men were found dead on the field and six were taken prisoners. "The sortie by the town garrison was easily

epulsed. The Federal losses were small. "Mafeking is still closely invested."

LOBENZO MARQUES, April 4 .- A Gaberones despatch of March 28 says: "Col. Plumer made a forced march into the Transvaal with the object of threatening the Boer lines of communication with Mafeking. He has arrived within twelve miles of Zerust.

### PROBABLY NOT SALISBURY'S SON, Officer Named Cecil Captured by the Boers Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN

LONDON. April 6.-With the exception of the double action on March 31, in the neighborhood of Mafeking, reported in THE SUN's despatches, there is news of importance from South Africa. One of the officers captured at Ramathlabama is described as a staff officer named Cecil. It is reported that he belongs to the Rhodesian force. If this is accurate he is a colonial resident, but the coincidence with the name of Lord Salisbury's son, Lord Edward Cecil, who is or was with Col. Baden-Powell, the commander at Mafeking, is somewhat remarkable, that name being uncommon as a surname and there being no army officer of that name with Col. Plumer. The only news of the British movements

from Bloemfontein is the arrival of Gen. Clements's division, computed at 6,000 men, after a march that occupied fifteen days. They seem to have been sent a few miles north of the town. There is as yet no sign of the Boers fulfilling their supposed intention to attack Bloemfontein.

From a long despatch from the Boer camp Korn Spruft, some additional incidents of interest are gathered. It is said that Commandant De Wet shouted two officers on a wagon entering the Boer trap to throw up their hands. One of them compiled, whereupon the other shot him dead. The survivor, refusing to surrender, was shot immediately.

The number of British prisoners taken was 389. Commandant De Wet sent them and the captured guns to Winburg. The burghers were short of food, but the captured convoy supplied them with an abundance of pro-

What is perhaps the most important feature

of the victory, says the despatch, is the capture of all the British secret papers, including maps and elaborate plans drawn up in 1897, 1898 and 1899 for the invasion of the republics. Those which will be most valuable in the game of check and counter-check are plans for working to Johannesburg from Mafeking. which was Dr. Jameson's route when he invaded the Transvaal, but amended so to avoid his mistakes, and also a plan for a march from Bloemfontein to Kroonstad. A despatch box was found containing papers signed by Free State Boers who had surrendered and taken an oath not to further resist the British. Those who signed these papers have been summoned so that they may be informed that their oaths are void because

they were taken under compulsion. It is added that the Priesks and Kenhardt districts are full of rebellion. The Kenhardt rebels are marching on Calvinia and the others on Fourteen Streams.

#### 20,000 BOERS AROUND BLOEMFONTEIN British Horses in Bad Condition-Many Free Staters Rearmed.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN From THE SUN's Correspondent with Gen. Roberts. BLOEMPONTEIN, April 2.- The British cavalry encamped on Bosman's Kop to-day after having ridden from Waterval Drift without getting into action. Bosman's Kop is now the

easternmost British position. The British horses are again in bad shape after their hard work in the neighborhood of Karee Siding. They were brought South in a hurry and sent eastward. Many of them are now useless. One company of the Carbineers has only five horses in fit condi-

Gen. Colville's Ninth Division has returned and gone into camp near Bloemfontein.
There is little doubt that many of the Orange Free State burghers who recently turned in their arms to Lord Roberts have been rearmed. There are now over 20,000 Boers within a radius of twenty miles of Bioemfontein. Commandants Lemner and De Wei, who led the fighting on last Saturday, are still receiving reenforcements.

The town of Bioemfontein is quiet., The fact that the Boers have occupied the reservoir has had no appreciable effect so far. The railway is still in working order.

Boer patrois have been seen within ten miles to the west of Bloemfontein. The British troops are cheerful and anxious to get into action. Gen. Colville's Ninth Division has returned

#### The drought continues. TREATMENT OF DUTCH REBELS.

Mr. Rose-Innes Save the Imperial Government Should Conduct the Trials.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN. From THE SUN'S Correspondent at Cape Town. CAPE TOWN, April 5.-THE SUN'S correspondent has had a long interview with the Hop. J. Rose-Innes, the leader of the British in the Cape Parliament on the subject of the treatment of the rebel Dutch. Mr. Rose-Innes says that a special tribunal for the trial of the rebels is certainly necessary. Besides the technical difficulties arising from the number of cases, he says, it is not desirable under the

tribunal presided over by an eminent English Judge would be much more satisfactory to all concerned. It should have the same power in regard to imposing punishment as Supreme Court of the Cape, and should also

have the power of disfranchising the rebels either with or without any other penalty. Mr. Rose-Innes continued: "Under the present law a conviction for treason disfranchises a person permanently, but does not distinguish the degree of culpability. The tribunal that I refer to should have the power of fixing the period of disfranchisement according to the degree of guilt. A special statute is necessary for the creation of this tribunal. It is not advisable at the present time to summon the Cape Parliament to pass this necessary act: therefore, the Imperial Parliament is the only body that has the necessary power. The difficulty of legislating over the head of the Cape Parliament would be partly removed if the Cape Government was invited to initiate the legislation. Then, as is more than likely, if the Dutch legislators should reply that it was inadvisable to summon Parliament, the objection to the Imperial Parliament legislating for this colony would be greatly lessened. In all events mmediate action is necessary."

#### ANOTHER BATTLE ON? Artillery Firing Heard South of Bloemfon tein on Wednesday.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN LONDON, April 6 .- A despatch to the Times from Bloemfontein, dated April 4, says that artillery fire to the southward was audible on Wednesday.

ESCAPE OF TWO BRITISH OFFICERS. Boers Examined the Car in Which They Were Concealed but Did Not Find Them.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, April 5 .- In a despatch to an afternoon paper Capt. Haldane, who got away from the Boer prison at Pretoria, continues the account of how he and Lieut. Mesurier escaped. He says they left the antbear hole, where they had concealed themselves after leaving the prison camp, and continued their journey during the night. At daybreak they hid in a swamp. The army ration lasted for two days and was excellent and nourishing. They decided to make for Waterval Bover, 100 miles distant. Until they reached their goal the officers got sufficient food from the Kaffirs.

Eventually, after having been nearly eaten up by mosquitoes, they reached Waterval Boyer and concealed themselves in an open railway truck, covering their bodies with tarpaulin. The train moved off and was shunted on a siding. A number of Boers unfastened the tarpaulin and peered in, but by a miracle

#### DUNRAVEN GOING TO THE FRONT. He Sails To-day With the Sharpshooters of the Imperial Yeomanry.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN LONDON, April 5 .- Lord Dunraven, the well known yachtsman, will accompany the sharpshooters' corps of the Imperial Yeomanry to South Africa. He will sail to-morrow

#### Dr. Jameson at Cape Town and Very Ill. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. CAPE Town, April 5 .- Dr. Jameson, the leader of the raid into the Transvaal five years ago,

has arrived here from Ladysmith, where he

was taken sick during the siege of that town. He is very ill. Frauds in the Russian Navy Department. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. SEBASTOPOL, April 5 .- Twenty-six personsmilitary and naval officers and civil servantshave been found guilty of criminally defraud-

## will be pronounced on them to-morrow.

Consistory to Be Held on April 20. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. Rome, April 5 .- A Consistory has been fixed for April 20, when the Pope will nominate several Bishops to fill vacant Sees. No Cardinals will be nominated.

## JOTTING ABOUT TOWN.

Charles Winters, the real estate dealer who was treated on March 2 on the charge of accepting a tribe while acting as a juror, was held yesterday in 2,000 bath for trial. Suit was begun in the United States District Court sterday for the forfeiture of the two trunks full of vas and laces recently brought from England Katherine Donovan, a Madison avenue dress-

louis Singer, a saloon keeper at 130 Essex street, died of burns yesterday at his home in Rivington street. While opening up his saloon last Monday he dropped a match into a barrel of whiskey and his clothing caught fire.

Frank Grasgane, a German, '80 years old, hanged himself to a beam in the cellar at 514 East 151st street, after moodily deciding that at his age he was of no use to anybody. He was cut down in time and sent to Fordham Hospital, a prisoner. On the warrant of Gov. Roosevelt granted upon the requisition of Gen. Wood, Covernor General of Pubs, Clarence Mayer, who resisted extradition on a charge of forgers, was harded over to the United states authorities yesterda; and starts back to Cuba. The police were asked yesterday to look for Ray-gond L. Olds, 24 years old of Woodsville, N. H. He isappeared on March 23, and nls friends think he in New York. He is an Odd Fellow and a member

DR.PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION IS/A

FOUNTAIN **OF HEALTH** FOR WEAKAND NERVOUS WOMEN.

present circumstances to impose the task of TWO YOUTHS IN THE PLOT. ANOTHER ARREST FOR THE ATTACK

ON THE PRINCE OF WALES. Young Man Sold the Revolver to Sipide Prisoner's Story of His Plans-Hot De bate in the Chamber of Deputies-Social

ist Leader Says Blood Calls for Blood. Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN LONDON, April 5 .- A despatch to the Centra News from Brussels says that another youth about seventeen years old has been arrested in connection with the attempted assassination of

the Prince of Wales. It is reported that he sold to Sipido the revolver with which the shooting was done. BRUSSELS, April 5 .- The Patriote says that the

examination of Sipido, the would-be assassin of the Prince of Wales, elicited the fact that the crime was premeditated. Sipido was instigated by some unidentified person, on whose advice he bought a revolver for 3 france at the Old Market last Sunday. He went to the pro-Boer meeting at the Flemish Theatre on Tuesday with this man. Afterward they drank together at the St. Giles public house, where Sipido wrote a letter to his parents informing them that he had obtained the situation which he had been seeking on the previous day. After inquiring at the Nord station as to the time of arrival of the royal train, Sipido went to a local café, where he loaded his revolver in the lavatory. Sipido refused to divulge the name of his mysterious companion, who is a few years older than him-

In the Chamber of Deputies to-day the President of the House offered a motion expressing the indignation of the Government at the attempt to assassinate the Prince of

Vice-President Baron Snoy, in seconding the motion, said he represented the nation in expressing indignation. He added that the youth of the criminal encouraged the hope that the act was that of a person unconscious of the enormity of the offence. M. de Favereau. Minister of Foreign Affairs, made a speech o similar tenor.

M. Van der Velde, the Socialist leader, in speaking on the motion, said that while he condemned the crime, he blamed Great Britain for the collective crimes that are now being committed in South Africa. The Socialists, he declared, protested against the inaction of Europe and its indifference to the crime the English are perpetrating in Africa. The Socialists, as a party, deeply felt the attempt against the life of the Prince, but blood called M. Woeste, a member of the Right, protested

strongly against M. Van der Velde's remarks. He recalled England's assistance at the birth of Belgian independence, and said that England had always been the best guarantee of

the tarpaulin and peered in, but by a miracle failed to discover the officers.

The following morning the truck was hooked on to a goods train and passed, the boundary line between the Transvaal and Portuguese East Africa and stopped at Ressano Garcia. When it reached that point the officers jumped up and shouted: "We are free!"

The officers showed unmistakable signs of the hardships they endured when they arrived at Lorenzo Marques. Their hair was long and dishevelled and their faces were covered with a heavy growth of beard. They were slouch hats and looked like Boers.

In Ind had always been the best guarantee of Beigium's neutrality.

An excited scene followed, during which M. You der Velde challenged the Government to prove that the Socialists were in any way implicated in Sipido's crime.

Dr. Levds, the Transvaal diplomatic acops called at the British Legation and instelled their names in the visitors book.

COPENHAGEN, April 5, Evening.—The Prince and Princess of Wales have just arrived here. King Christian, other members of the royal family and a number of exaited personages many thousands gathered outside and cheered the visitors.

#### CONGRATULATIONS FOR THE PRINCE Crowd at His London House-Kaiser a President Loubet Send Messages.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN. LONDON, April 5 .- There was a long proces sion of distinguished persons toward Mariborough House, the residence of the Prince of Wales, to-day. Everybody appeared to be anxious to sign the Visitors' Book in the little room of the tvy-covered porter's lodge on the left hand side of the big gates. The book has this inscription printed on the top: "Ladies and gentlemen leaving their names are requested

to leave their addresses also." Pall Mall was blocked all day with the carriages of persons on their way to the Prince's

Nearly all the Continental journals comment this morning on the attempt to assassinate the Prince of Wales. The Gautois of Paris says it is glad that the attempt on the Prince's life had no distressing consequences. The Figure says that the feeling of apprehension and just ing the Russian Government in coal and goods furnished to the naval authorities. Sentences | irritation against the English, which promised

Jonkheer Mosenthal, the Consul here for the Orange Free State, congratulated Sir Edmund Monson, the British Ambassador, upon the escape of the Prince of Wales. Sir Edmund replied that he was much touched by the congratulations tendered by the representative of the Free State. He was sure that the people of that republic without exception would associate themselves with their Consul would associate themselves with their Consul in his kind words.

BERLY, April 5.—Emperor William called at the British Embassy at 8 o'clock this morning and tendered his congratulations on the escape of the Prince of Wales. Hundreds of others, including Herr Von Buelow, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, and all the foreign diplomats, also called at the Legation.

CHICAGO'S PROLONGED STRIKE. Building Operations Have Been Prostrated

for Two Months-Army Out of Work. CHICAGO, April 5. - Two months have elapsed since the union lock-out was declared by the ilding Contractors' Council, and both sides admitted to-day that a settlement of the control versy is apparently as far off as ever. Meantim building affairs in Chicago are slowly and surely drifting toward the stagnation point. Of the 50,000 or more building workmen in the city only

50,000 or more building workmen in the city only a few hundred are now employed, finishing up uncompleted work. Half of these jobs are being completed under police guard.

Besides the union workmen and contractors who have been idle since the strike, it is estimated that the lock-out has indirectly thrown 25,000 men, engaged in occupations allied to the building industry, out of employment.

M. B. Madden, President of the Western Stone Company, said to-day that 15,000 employees of the building material concerns are now out of employment since the recent closing up of the stone quarries and brick factories, and that \$20,000,000 of capital invested in material plants is now idle. One thousand machinists are still on strike, notwith-standing the agreement entered into between the officers of the International Association.

## STRIKE IN DUNKIRK.

Moulders of the United States Radiator Works Ask to Be Recognized as a Union. DUNKIRK, N. Y., April 5,-The moulders of the United States Radiator Works of this city, fifty n number, struck at 10 o'clock this morning. The officials of the works said to THE SUN correspondent that the men had made no demand for increase of wages and no complaint of any grievance; that the works are employing only non-union mee, and have never had a
union man in the shops. The moulders, who
were seen at their hall in Lion street, said that
two weeks ago they formed a union, which is a
branch of the American Federation of Labor,
and at 9 o'clock this morning requested the
superintendent to recognize them as a union.
The reply was that recognition could not be
given in the absence of President Gross, who
is out of the city. The men then walked out of
the shop. They said that they had no other
grievance and no complaint regarding wages.
To-night a committee said that matters will
remain as they are till the return of President
Goss on Saturday. of any grievance; that the works are employ-

Nine-Hour Day for These Machinists. The International Machinists' Union reported yesterday that the American Tobacco Company had granted the nine-hour work day to all the machinists it employs. The company makes its own machinery and has about thirty-five machinists employed in this city.



# We Manufacture Boys' Clothing

In Large Quantities, with systematic economy and sell to you at one moderate profit, thus insuring the lowest possible prices.

Our Tailors are Specialists. They make boys' clothing only-study boys' needs only. Every garment is correct in style, complete in finish.

It Fits Perfectly to commence with-and being made right, keeps it shape longer for this fact.

And It Wears Well, because the materials used are the best and most suitable for the purpose.

Middy Suits, made of smooth blue serge, shield embroidered in red or white. Shore Trousers, \$4.85. Long Trousers. \$5.50. Russian Blouse Suite, hand embroidered, 3 to 8 years, \$6.75 to \$3.50. Double-breasted Suits, fancy cheviots, all wool, \$5.00 to \$8.50. Youthe' Long Trouser Suits, dark blue cheviot, \$10.50 to \$15.50. Spring Covert Cloth Overcoats, \$5.50 to \$10.75. All Wool, Blue Cheviot Reefers, 3 to 13 years, \$6.00 to \$8.76. Wash Suits, made of galates, duck, 'crash, [linen, Madras, and seersucker; ages 3 to 13 years, \$2.35 to \$5.00, according to quality.

Our Dress Suits for the Easter season, include a handsome assortment of Tuxedo and Eton styles. Long and short trousers.

## 60-62 West 23d Street.

NO WORK ON CROTON DAM ITALIANS STRIKE AND DRIVE AWAY

SKILLED WORKERS, 100. mall Army of Laborers Parading About Westchester County and Forcing or Per-suading Men to Quit Their Jobs-Build-

ing and Road-Making at a Standstill. CROTON LANDING, April 5 .- The Italian laborers employed on the new Croton dam struck o-day against a reduction of 20 per cent. in their wages. They used stones and clubs to drive the skilled workmen away from their work and as a result all operations were suspended. Between seven and eight hundred men are thus made idle. About three years ago during a similar strike it took sixty peace officers to preserve order and protect the dam. PORT CHESTER, April 5 .- The local authori-

ties have been appealed to to interfere in the strike which the Italians of Westchester county are carrying on for eight hours' work and increased wages. The Italians, about 500 strong, have been parading the streets, carrying flags and banners. Every day this week they have visited places where their fellow countrymen were employed and have compelled them to join the strike. Those who refused were dragged from their work and heaten. The situation has grown so serious that the contractors have found it impossible to get any one to work for them, and all improvements are at a standstill. To-day the Italians marched to the new home of George C. Clausen, President of the New York Park Board, and compelled forty men who were employed by Contractor John O. Merritt to quit. Some of the strikers, it is alleged, were heavily armed. Mr. Merritt, who also has the contract for building the Port Chester street railroad, on which several hundred Italians have stopped work, appealed to-day to Village President John W. McCarty for protection. President McCarty has called a special meeting of the Village Trustees. He says that the local government will protect all men who desire to work from further intimidation, and if the strikers continue their lawlessness Sheriff Molley will be asked to send deputies to deal with them. Two hundred Italians are expected here to take the places of the strikers to morrow and it is feared that trouble will

occur.
WHITE PLAINS. April 5.—Three hundred laborers on strike at Greenwich, Port Chester and Rye marched to North street, in the town irritation against the English, which promised to revive feelings of anger and hostility to foreigners, has been so happily abated.

Italy is thrilled with horror over the attempted assassination and the Pope is much affected. The Popolo Romano says: "The whole press sends affectionate and respectful greetings to the best-loved Sovereign in the world. Let us thank the Almighty for having rendered vain this horrible attempt."

Paris, April 5.—The attempt on the life of the Prince of Wales causes universal indignation. President Loubet has sent his congratulations on the Prince's escape to the British Embassy here, and M. Deleassé, the Foreign Minister, has sent a similar message to London.

Jonkheer Mosenthal, the Consul here for the Prince of State convenients of the Prince of State convenients of the Prince of Wales causes universal indignation. President Loubet has sent his congraturations on the Prince's escape to the British Embassy here, and M. Deleassé, the Foreign Minister, has sent a similar message to London.

Jonkheer Mosenthal, the Consul here for the Prince of State convenients of the Prince of State convenients of the Prince of State convenients of the Prince of Males causes universal indignation. President Loubet has sent his congraturation of the Prince of Wales causes universal indignation. President Loubet has sent his congraturation of the Prince's escape to the British Embassy here, and M. Deleassé, the Foreign Minister, has sent a similar message to London.

Jonkheer Mosenthal, the Consul here for the Prince of Males Cause Grand Rye marched to North street, in the two White Plains, this afternoon and induced 200 laborers, principally Italians, to go on truct for machamizing the town to white the men here were employed by McCate & Duffy, who have a \$100,000 contract for machamizing the town tract for machamizi

## RIGHT TO DISCHARGE MEN.

Law in Favor of Union Labor Declared Unconstitutional in Ohio.

TOLEDO, April 5 .- Judge Pugsley of the Common Pleas Court to-day handed down a decielon which will be read with interest by the abor world, as it knocks out a law drawn for the benefit of union workingmen. for the benefit of union workingmen. Lamont Bateman, General Manager of the Toledo Tube Works was indicted for discharging Alonzo Cole, an employee of the concern for his connection with a labor union. Ohio has a statute which makes it illegal for any firm or corporation to discharge or threaten to discharge men for such affiliation, and Cole promptly brought suit.

Judge Pugsley held that the law under which the indictment was drawn is unconstitutional and discharged Bateman. The Court held that the discharge of the employee was not such an act that it coerced the employee to leave the union. He further held that the law was purely class legislation, and upon that he principally based his decision.

## The Test. Hunter **Baltimore** Rye Has stood the

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Mellow Pure Delicious 10 years old. A. B. HART & FRANK MORA. Representatives \$ S. William St., New York, N. Y.

THE RIGHT TO LABOR.

An Injunction Put on Disorder in Pater son by Vice-Chancellor Pitney. PATERSON, N. J., April 5 .- A sensation was sprung to-day on the striking machinists at the Eastwood and Watson shops. Every officer of District Lodge No. 15, International Association of Machinists, and every one of the former employees of the two companies was this afternoon served with a copy of a rule granted yesterday by Vice-Chancellor Pitney at Jersey City, which abanutely forbids the employment by them of any of the methods usually resorted to by strikers

and which the machinists have been practising

ever since the beginning of the strike three months ago The rule to show cause why an injunction should not issue was granted upon the application of John W. Harding of this city, representing the two machine companies, and the order is very sweeping. It does away for the present at least with the means upon which they have relied for the winning of the strike and will warrant the companies in throwing open their works again to men who can now accept employment without fear of violence. If any strike or other person in any way interferes with any one of the men or in any way whatsoever with the operations of the company he will thereby place himself in contempt of the Court of Chancery.

A hurry meeting of the union officials was held to-night to consider the new state of affairs and despatches were hastily sent to the national officials, informing them of the blow to the strike. The meeting was also attended by the District Board of the union machinists of New York. senting the two machine companies, and

by the District Board of the union machinists of New York.

The rule granted is returnable on April 23 and every man on strike, as well as the officers and business agents of the union, will have to file an answer at that time. The rule in the meantime acts as an injunction or restrainez.

PUERTO RICAN TRADE UVIONS

Pass Besolutions Pavoring Affilation With A letter was received by the Socialist Labor

party yesterday from Santiago Iglesias, one of the two delegates from the Socialists and from the Bricklayers' and Carpenters' unions in Puerto Rico who were here some time ago to Puerto Rico who were here some time ago to agitate for reforms in the island. Iglesias says that a meeting of carpenters, painters, bricklayers and others was held in the Federacion Libre Hail in the capital of Puerto Rico, as which resolutions were passed favoring the affiliation of the unions in Puerto Rico with the national unions of the same trades in the United States. Resolutions were also passed favoring the putting of the island under the laws governing the United States.

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Gots It in i ing He Recorder Intermyer ease before Mr. Unter eagerness succession, and told his Untermyer The Record the thirty

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